

## ALK (Clone: 1A4) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

PRODUCT INFORMATION:		PERFORM
REF		
PM158	6ml Ready to use	Localizatio
PM158	3ml Ready to use	Retrieval B
CM158	1ml Concentrated	Incubation:
CM158	0.5ml Concentrated	Positive co
CM158	0.1ml Concentrated	
HAM158	6ml Ready to use	
HAM158	3ml Ready to use	

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS:

Localization: Cytoplasm & Nucleus Retrieval Buffer: Tris-EDTA, pH 9.0 Incubation: 30-60 minutes Positive control: Anaplastic large cell lymphoma

## INTENDED USE

#### For in vitro diagnostic use only

This antibody is intended for use in qualitatively identifying ALK antigen by light microscopy in formalin fixed, paraffin embedded (FFPE) tissue sections using immunohistochemical (IHC) detection methodology. Interpretation of any positive or negative staining must be complemented with the evaluation of proper known controls (Positive and Negative) and must be made within the context of the patient's clinical history and other diagnostic tests. A qualified and trained pathologist must perform the evaluation of the test. This antibody is intended to be used after the primary diagnosis of tumor has been made by conventional histopathology using non-immunologic histochemical stains.

#### SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

This gene encodes a receptor tyrosine kinase, which belongs to the insulin receptor superfamily. This protein comprises an extracellular domain, a hydrophobic stretch corresponding to a single pass transmembrane region, and an intracellular kinase domain. It plays an important role in the development of the brain and exerts its effects on specific neurons in the nervous system. This gene has been found to be rearranged, mutated, or amplified in a series of tumors including anaplastic large cell lymphomas, neuroblastoma, and non-small cell lung cancer. The chromosomal rearrangements are the most common genetic alterations in this gene, which result in creation of multiple fusion genes in tumorigenesis, including ALK (chromosome 2), ALK/TFG (chromosome 3), ALK/NPM1 (chromosome 5), ALK/SQSTM1 (chromosome 5), ALK/KIF5B (chromosome 10), ALK/CLTC (chromosome 17), ALK/TPM4 (chromosome 19), and ALK/MSN (chromosome X).

#### PRINCIPLE OF THE PROCEDURE

The identification of the antigen on the FFPE tissues is carried out using the above stated antibody. The antigen and antibody complex are visualized using an enzyme coupled (HRP/AP) secondary antibody with specific binding to the primary antibody, this complex is visualized by the enzymatic activation of the chromogen resulting in a visible reaction production of the antigenic site. Each and every step involves precise time and optimal temperature and the results are interpreted using a light microscope by a qualified and trained pathologist.

#### REAGENT PROVIDED

**Concentrated format:** ALK antibody is affinity purified and diluted in antibody diluent with 1% bovine serum albumin (BSA) and 0.05% sodium azide (NaN3). **Recommended dilutions:** 1:50 – 1:100

The antibody dilution and protocol may vary depending on the specimen preparation and specific application. Optimal conditions should be determined by individual laboratories.

**Pre-diluted format:** PathnSitu's ready to use antibodies are pre-tittered to optimal staining conditions. Further dilution will affect the efficacy of the antibody and may yield to sub-optimal staining.

Immunogen: Human recombinant protein fragment corresponding to amino acids 1300-1620 of human ALK (NP\_004295) produced in E-coli Host, Isotype: Mouse, IgG2b

## STORAGE AND HANDLING

**Storage Recommendations:** Store at 2-8°C. When stored at the appropriate conditions, the antibody is stable until expiry. Do not use the antibody after the expiration date provided on the vial in any condition.

#### DS-PM158-B.

To ensure proper reagent delivery and stability, replace the dispenser cap after every use and immediately place the vial into the refrigerated conditions in an upright position. The contents of the vial should be used within 9 months from the opening of the vial.

#### SPECIMEN PREPARATION

## Staining Recommendations:

Routinely processed, FFPE tissues are suitable for use with this primary antibody, when using PathnSitu's Poly Excel HRP/DAB detection system. The recommended tissue fixative is 10% neutral buffered formalin. Variable results may occur as a result of prolonged fixation or special processes such as decalcification. The thickness of the sections should be 2-5µm. Slides should be stained once the sections are made as the antigenicity of the cut sections may diminish over a period of time. It is recommended to stain known positive and negative controls simultaneously with unknown specimens.

#### PRECAUTIONS

- This product should be used by qualified and trained professional users only
  The product contains < 0.1% of sodium azide as preservative and is not</li>
- classified hazardous, refer MSDS for further details
- 3. As with any product derived from biological sources, proper handling procedures should be used
- 4. Do not use reagents after the expiration date
- 5. Use protective clothing and gloves, while handling reagents
- All hazardous materials should be disposed of according to local state and federal regulations
- 7. Avoid microbial contamination of reagents as it may lead to incorrect results

#### STAINING PROCEDURE

# Antigen Retrieval Solution: Use Tris-EDTA Buffer (Cat#PS009) as an antigen retrieval solution.

Heat Retrieval Method: Retrieve sections under steam pressure for 15 minutes using PathnSitu's MERS (Multi Epitope Retrieval System) for optimal retrieval of the epitopes, allow solution to cool at room temperature, transfer the tissue sections/slides to the distilled water prior to the primary antibody application.

**Primary Antibody:** Cover the tissue sections with primary antibody and incubate for 30-60 min at room temperature when used PathnSitu's PolyExcel Detection System.

**Detection System:** Refer to PathnSitu's PolyExcel HRP/ DAB detection system protocol for optimal staining results.

#### QUALITY CONTROL

The recommended positive tissue control for ALK/CD246 is anaplastic large cell lymphoma. A positive and negative tissue control must be run with every staining procedure performed to monitoring the correct performance of processed tissue and test reagents. A negative tissue control provides an indication of non-specific background staining. If the results are not expected in positive and negative controls, the test must be considered invalid and the entire procedure must be cross verified. The individual laboratory must establish their own quality control to validate the process and antibody when opening a vial.

#### INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

ALK stains the Cytoplasm and Nucleus. A qualified experienced/trained pathologist must interpret the results in the patient's sample along with the positive and negative controls.

#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

PathnSitu products will undergo thorough a quality control check before it is released to the market. The antibody showed consistent specific and sensitive staining on the multiple positive tissue controls tested, by inter run, intra run and lot based studies. The antibody is stable for the expiry mentioned on the labels which is determined by real time or accelerated methods.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

- Follow the antibody specific protocol recommendations according to the data sheet provided
- Tissue staining is dependent on the handling and processing of the tissue Page 1 of 2

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2



prior to staining. Improper fixation, tissue processing, antibody freezing and thawing, washing, drying, heating, sectioning or contamination with other tissues or fluids may produce artifacts, antibody trapping or inaccurate results

- 3. Do not allow the section to dry out during the entire IHC process
- Excessive or incomplete counter staining may compromise the interpretation of the results
- If unusual results occur, contact PathnSitu's Technical Support at +91-40-2701 5544 or E-mail:<u>techsupport@pathnsitu.com</u>

#### LIMITATIONS AND WARRANTY

Authorized and skilled/trained personnel only may use the product. The clinical interpretation of any test results should be evaluated within the context of the patient's medical history and other diagnostic test results. A qualified trained pathologist must perform the evaluation of the test results. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond the description. PathnSitu is not liable for property damage, personal injury, time or effort on economic loss caused by this product.

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Pulford K, Lamant L, Morris SW, ButlerLH, WoodKM, Stroud D, et al. Detection of anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) and nucleolar protein nucleophosmin (NPM) ALK proteins in normal and neoplastic cells with the monoclonal antibody ALK1. Blood 1997; 89:1394-404.
- Gascoyne RD, Aoun P, WU D, Chhanabhai M, Skinnider BF, Greiner TC, et al. Prognostic significance of anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) protein expression in adults with anaplastic large cell lymphoma. Blood 1999; 93:3913-21.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS			
LOT Lot number / Batch number	Expiry		
IVD In vitro diagnostic use	Storage limitation		
Date of manufacture	<b>REF</b> Catalogue number		
CE EU compliance			

